

(1) [5] Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ by implicit differentiation:

$$4 \cos(x) \sin(y) = 1$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [4 \cos(x) \sin(y)] = \frac{d}{dx} [1]$$

$$4 [-\sin(x) \sin(y) + \cos(x) \cos(y) y'] = 0$$

$$-\cos(x) \cos(y) y' = \sin(x) \sin(y)$$

$$\therefore y' = \frac{\sin(x) \sin(y)}{\cos(x) \cos(y)}$$

$$\text{or } y' = \tan(x) \tan(y)$$

(2) [5] Find the limit:

$$\begin{aligned} & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{3x} - e^{-3x}}{e^{3x} + e^{-3x}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cancel{e^{3x}} (1 - e^{-6x})}{\cancel{e^{3x}} (1 + e^{-6x})} \\ &= \boxed{1} \end{aligned}$$

(3) [5] Differentiate:

$$f(x) = \sin(x) \ln(5x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \cos(x) \ln(5x) + \sin(x) \frac{1}{\cancel{5}x} \cdot \cancel{5} \\ &= \boxed{\cos(x) \ln(5x) + \frac{\sin(x)}{x}} \end{aligned}$$