

(1) [15 points] Use the definition of the derivative to find an equation of the tangent line to  $y = \frac{3}{x+2}$  at the point  $(-5, -1)$ .

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{x+2}$$

$$f'(-5) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-5+h) - f(-5)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ \frac{3}{-5+h+2} - \frac{3}{-5+2} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ \frac{3}{-3+h} + 1 \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ \frac{3+(-3+h)}{-3+h} \right]$$

$$= \frac{-1}{3}$$

$$\therefore y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$$

$$\boxed{y + 1 = \frac{-1}{3}(x + 5)}$$