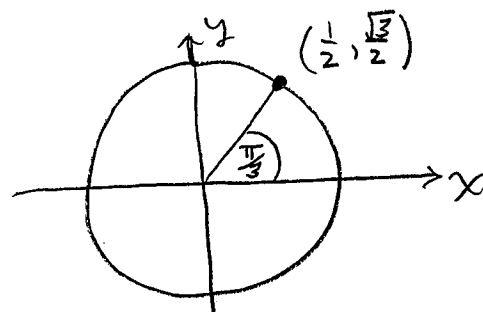


(1) [3 points] Compute $2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) - 3 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$.

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) - 3 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \\ &= 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) - 3 \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)} \\ &= 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - 3 \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} \\ &= \sqrt{3} - 3 \sqrt{3} \\ &= \boxed{-2\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$



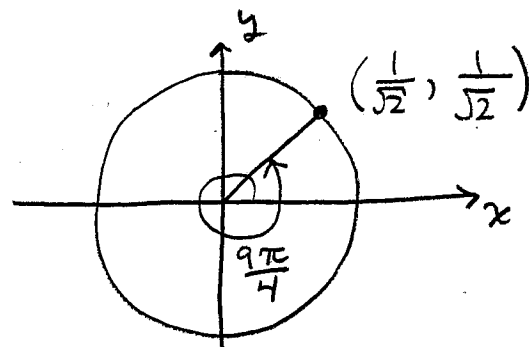
(2) [4 points] Compute $\sin(405^\circ)$, $\cos(405^\circ)$ and $\tan(405^\circ)$.

$$405^\circ \cdot \left(\frac{\pi \text{ radians}}{180^\circ}\right) = \frac{9\pi}{4} \text{ radians.}$$

$$\therefore \sin(405^\circ) = \sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{4}\right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\cos(405^\circ) = \cos\left(\frac{9\pi}{4}\right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\tan(405^\circ) = \tan\left(\frac{9\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{4}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{9\pi}{4}\right)} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)} = \boxed{1}$$



(3) [4 points] Compute $\sec(\theta)$ if $\sin(\theta) = \frac{12}{13}$ and θ is in Quadrant II.

$$\therefore u^2 + \left(\frac{12}{13}\right)^2 = 1$$

$$u^2 = 1 - \left(\frac{12}{13}\right)^2$$

$$u = -\sqrt{1 - \frac{144}{169}}$$

$$= -\sqrt{\frac{25}{169}}$$

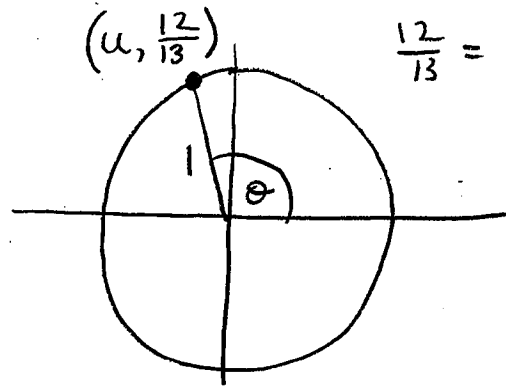
$$= -\frac{5}{13}$$

negative since θ in Quad. II

$$\therefore \cos(\theta) = -\frac{5}{13}$$

$$u = \cos(\theta)$$

$$\frac{12}{13} = \sin(\theta)$$



$$\therefore \sec(\theta) = \frac{1}{\cos(\theta)}$$

$$= \boxed{-\frac{13}{5}}$$

(4) [4 points] Determine the exact value of $\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \csc\left(\frac{25\pi}{12}\right)$.

$$\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \csc\left(\frac{25\pi}{12}\right)$$

$$= -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \csc\left(\frac{25\pi}{12}\right) \text{ since sine is } \underline{\text{odd}}$$

$$= -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \left[\frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{24\pi}{12} + \frac{\pi}{12}\right)} \right]$$

$$= -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \left[\frac{1}{\sin\left(2\pi + \frac{\pi}{12}\right)} \right]$$

$$= -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \left[\frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right)} \right] \text{ by periodicity}$$

$$= \boxed{-1}$$