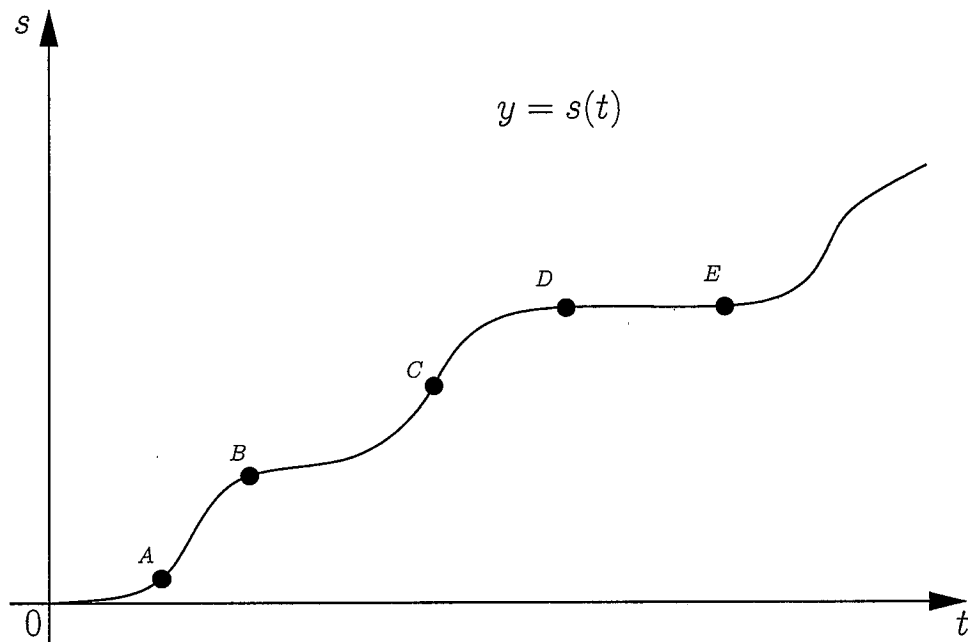


(1) [5 points] The graph below shows the position function $y = s(t)$ of a car. Here s is in metres and t in seconds.



(a) What was the initial velocity of the car?

Initial velocity is $s'(0) = 0 \frac{m}{s}$

(b) Was the car going faster at B or at C ? Why?

C : slope of tangent line at C is greater.

(c) Was the car slowing down, speeding up, or neither at A ? at B ? at C ?

A : Speeding up: slopes of tangent lines are increasing.
 B : Slowing down: slopes of tangent lines are decreasing.
 C : Neither: slopes of tangent lines increase to left of C , but decrease to right of C .

(d) Based on the graph, what can you say about the motion of the car between D and E ?

Car has stopped: velocity = $s'(t) = 0$ between D & E .

(2) [5 points] Find the derivative of

$$v = t^2 - \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{t^3}} = t^2 - t^{-\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$v' = 2t + \frac{3}{4} t^{-\frac{7}{4}}$$

(3) [5 points] Find the first and second derivatives of $g(t) = 2 \cos(t) - 3 \sin(t)$.

$$g'(t) = -2 \sin(t) - 3 \cos(t)$$

$$g''(t) = -2 \cos(t) + 3 \sin(t)$$