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Math 192 Sec S07N01 Final Exam – Apr 18 2007

name (printed)	student number
I have read and understood	
the instructions below:	
	signature

Instructions:

- 1. No notes or books are to be used in this exam. If you need scrap paper please ask and some will be provided.
- 2. A non-programmable, non-graphing calculator is permitted.
- 3. There are 12 pages (including this cover page) in the exam. Justify every answer, and show your work. Unsupported answers will receive no credit.
- 4. You will be given three hours to write this exam. Read over the exam before you begin.
- 5. At the end of the three hours you will be given the instruction to stop writing. *Continuing to write after this instruction will be considered as cheating.*
- 6. Academic dishonesty: Exposing your paper to another student, copying material from another student, or representing your work as that of another student constitutes academic dishonesty. Cases of academic dishonesty may lead to a zero grade in the exam, a zero grade in the course, and other measures, such as suspension from this university.

Question	value	score
1	45	
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	8	
6	7	
7	10	
Total	100	

Question 1: [45 points] This question consists of 15 short answer problems each worth 3%. For each problem, clearly write your final answer in the box to the right. The solution to each problem is short, requiring no more space than that given.

(a) Let $f(x,y) = \sqrt{xy}e^{2+x}$. Compute $f_x(1,1)$.

(b) A company's joint cost function for two products is $c = 0.002(x+y)^2 + x + 0.25y + 8000$, where x and y represent the number of units of product X and product Y, respectively. What is the marginal cost with respect to product X when x = 450 and y = 550?

(c) Find the critical point of $f(x, y) = x^2 + 2xy + 2y^2 - 4y$.

(d) For a certain production function $P(\ell, k)$, P(100, 200) = 350, $P_{\ell}(100, 200) = -5$ and $P_k(100, 200) = 7$. Estimate the production if ℓ is decreased by 2 while k is kept at 200.

(e) Compute
$$\int 5x^4 - \frac{2}{x^2} dx$$

(f) Marginal cost is given by $\frac{dc}{dq} = 3q + q^3 + e^q$ while fixed costs are \$100. Find the cost function c(q).

(h) The demand equation for a product is $p = 200 - q^2$, while supply is given by p = 6q + 160. The equilibrium quantity is q = 4. Find the producer surplus.

(i) Compute $\int \frac{x}{e^{5x}} dx$.

(j) Compute
$$\int \frac{x}{(x+1)(3-x) \, dx}$$

(k) The average value of $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$ over the interval [0,k] is 1/k for some value of k > 0. Determine k.

(1) Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x+2}y^2$ where y(-2) = -1/2.

(m) Compute
$$\int_0^\infty x e^{-x^2} dx$$
.

(n) Let
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -5 \\ -9 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$. Compute $\mathbf{A} (\mathbf{B} + 2\mathbf{C})$.

(o) Suppose A is size 4×1 , B is size 6×4 , C is size 4×4 , and D is size 1×6 . What is the size of the product *DBCA*?

Question 2: [10 points]

A company's product has production function $P = 100\ell + 50k - \ell^2 - k^2$ where P is the number of units of output resulting from ℓ units of labour and k units of capital. Labour costs \$600 per unit, while capital costs \$300 per unit. Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to determine the maximum possible output if the total cost of labour and capital is to be \$3000. (You may assume that the critical point you find does indeed yield the desired maximum).

Question 3: [10 points]

Suppose you retire at age 65 and you are offered two options for receiving your continuously paid pension income:

- (i) \$25,000 per year, paid continuously, or
- (ii) payments made continuously at the rate of $p(t) = 16,000e^{0.04t}$ dollars per year, where t = 0 corresponds to day you begin receiving payments at age 65.

You plan to (continuously) deposit your pension payments into a fund which pays 8% interest, compounded continuously, and at age 85 you will give the accumulated value of the investment fund to your grandchildren as a gift. Which of the to options should you choose to yield the larger gift?

Question 4: [10 points]

Use the trapezoid rule with four sub-intervals to estimate the area in the first quadrant bounded by the curve $y = \sqrt{(8-x^3)}$, the x-axis and the y-axis. Round your answer to two decimal places.

Question 5: [8 points]

The population of a certain town is currently 10,000 and is growing the rate of $P'(t) = \frac{1500 \ln (1+2t)}{1+2t}$ people per year, where t is measured in years and t = 0 corresponds to the present. How long will it take for the population to reach 12,000?

Question 6: [7 points]

As a result of competition, a phone company is losing customers according to the model

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = -k\sqrt{A}$$

where A(t) is the number of customer accounts at time t years, and t = 0 corresponds to the present. If there are currently 490,000 customers, and projections forecast a decrease of 67,500 customers over the next year, determine k and find an expression for A(t).

Question 7: [10 points]

Solve the following system of equations using matrix reduction (or equivalently, Gauss-Jordan elimination). Clearly write the elementary row operation you are using at each stage of the reduction, and clearly state your final solution.

$$2x - 3y + 2z = 2$$
$$x + 4y - z = 9$$
$$-3x + y - 5z = 5$$