[3]

Question 1 [10]: Evaluate the following limits if they exist. If a limit does not exist because it is $+\infty$ or $-\infty$, state which with an explanation of your reasoning.

(a)
$$\lim_{x\to 4} \frac{x^2-5x+4}{x^2-3x-4} \sim \frac{0}{0}$$

$$= \lim_{\chi \to 4} \frac{(\chi - 1)(\chi - 1)}{(\chi + 1)(\chi - 1)}$$

$$=$$
 $\frac{3}{5}$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 16} \frac{4 - \sqrt{x}}{x - 16}$$
 ~ $\frac{o}{0}$

$$= \lim_{\chi \to 16} \frac{(4-\sqrt{\chi})}{\chi - 16} \cdot \frac{(4+\sqrt{\chi})}{(4+\sqrt{\chi})}$$

$$=\lim_{\chi\to 16}\frac{(16-\chi)}{-(14-\chi)(4+\sqrt{\chi})}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x}{\sin(x) + \tan(x)} \sim \frac{0}{0}$$

$$= \lim_{\chi \to 0} \frac{\chi}{\left[\sin(\chi) + \frac{\sin(\chi)}{\cos(\chi)}\right]} \div \chi$$

$$= \lim_{\chi \to 0} \frac{1}{\left[\frac{\sin(\chi)}{\chi} + \frac{\sin(\chi)}{\chi}, \frac{1}{\cos(\chi)}\right]} = \frac{1}{1+1\cdot 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

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Question 2: Determine $\lim_{x\to 0} x^3 \cos\left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right)$. The Squeeze Theorem may be helpful here. If using the theorem be sure to demonstrate that all requirements of the theorem are satisfied.

$$-|\chi^3| \leq \chi^3 \cos\left(\frac{\chi+1}{\chi}\right) \leq |\chi^3|$$

$$|\lim_{\chi \to 0} -|\chi^3| = 0 = \lim_{\chi \to 0} |\chi^3|$$

is By the Squeeze Theorem,
$$\lim_{x\to 0} x^3 \cos(\frac{x+1}{x}) = 0$$

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Question 3: Let

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^4 - cx^2 & \text{if } x < 2\\ c^2x + 18 & \text{if } x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

Find the constant c that makes g continuous at all real numbers.

For $x \neq 2$, g is defined by polynomials, so is continuous. At x = 2, for g to be continuous we must have $\lim_{x \to 2^+} g(x) = \lim_{x \to 2^+} g(x) = g(2)$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{\chi \to 2^{-}} (\chi^{4} - C\chi^{2}) = \lim_{\chi \to 2^{+}} (C^{2}\chi + 18) = C^{2}(2) + 18$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $2^{4}-C(2)^{2}=C^{2}(2)+18$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda(c+1)^2=0 \Rightarrow C=-1$$

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Question 4 [10]: Evaluate the following limits if they exist. If a limit does not exist because it is $+\infty$ or $-\infty$, state which with an explanation of your reasoning.

(a)
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} (\sqrt{x} - x)$$
 \sim " $\infty - \infty$ "

$$= \lim_{\chi \to \infty} \int \chi \left(1 - \int \chi\right)$$

$$\to \infty$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to -6^-} \frac{2x+12}{|x+6|} \sim \frac{6}{9}$$

$$= \lim_{\chi \to -6} \frac{2(\chi+6)}{-(\chi+6)}$$

Question 5 [10]:

(a) Use the limit definition of the derivative to find f'(x) if $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$. Neatly show all steps and use proper notation. (No credit will be given if f'(x) is found using derivative rules.)

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{\chi + h}{\chi + h + 1} - \frac{\chi}{\chi + 1} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{(\chi + h)(\chi + 1) - (\chi + h + 1)(\chi)}{(\chi + h + 1)(\chi + 1)} \right]$$

=
$$\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[\frac{\chi^2 + |\chi + \chi + h| - \chi^2 - |\chi - \chi|}{(\chi + h + 1)(\chi + 1)} \right]$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{(\chi+1)^2}}$$

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(b) Give a one sentence statement describing the relationship between f'(2) and the graph of $y = \frac{x}{x+1}$. f'(2) is the slope of the tangent line to the graph of $y = \frac{x}{x+1}$ at the point where x = 2.

Question 6: Find an equation of the tangent line to $y = 3x^2 - x^3$ at the point where x = 1.

• At
$$x=1$$
, $y=3(1)^2-(1)^3=2$, so $(1,2)$ is a point on the tangent line.

• Slope of tangent line is
$$\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{x=1} = 6x-3x^2\Big|_{x=1} = 3$$
.

Equation
$$y$$
 tangent line is $y-2=3(x-1)$. [4]

Question 7: Find y' if
$$y = \frac{\sin(x)}{2} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2} \sin(x) - 2x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2} \cos(x) - 2(-\frac{1}{2}) x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

[3]

Question 8: Suppose a particle moves along a straight line according to the position function

$$s(t) = t^3 - 12t^2 + 15t + 10$$

When, if ever, is the particle's acceleration zero?

Solve
$$A''(t) = 0$$
 for t :
 $A'(t) = 3t^2 - 24t + 15$
 $A''(t) = 6t - 24$
 $A''(t) = 0$ at $t = 4$

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