**Question 1 [10]:** Evaluate the following limits if they exist. If a limit does not exist because it is  $+\infty$  or  $-\infty$ , state which with an explanation of your reasoning.

(a) 
$$\lim_{x\to 4} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 4}{x^2 - 3x - 4}$$

**(b)** 
$$\lim_{x \to 16} \frac{4 - \sqrt{x}}{x - 16}$$

[3]

[3]

 $\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{x}{\sin\left(x\right)+\tan\left(x\right)}$ (c)

**Question 2:** Determine  $\lim_{x\to 0} x^3 \cos\left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right)$ . The Squeeze Theorem may be helpful here. If using the theorem be sure to demonstrate that all requirements of the theorem are satisfied.

Question 3: Let

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^4 - cx^2 & \text{if } x < 2\\ c^2x + 18 & \text{if } x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

Find the constant c that makes g continuous at all real numbers.

[5]

**Question 4 [10]:** Evaluate the following limits if they exist. If a limit does not exist because it is  $+\infty$  or  $-\infty$ , state which with an explanation of your reasoning.

## (a) $\lim_{x\to\infty}(\sqrt{x}-x)$

| (h) | $\lim_{x \to 12} \frac{2x + 12}{2x + 12}$ |  |
|-----|---|--|
| (0) | $x \rightarrow -6^{-}  x + 6 $            |  |

[5]

## Question 5 [10]:

(a) Use the limit definition of the derivative to find f'(x) if  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$ . Neatly show all steps and use proper notation. (No credit will be given if f'(x) is found using derivative rules.)

[8] (b) Give a one sentence statement describing the relationship between f'(2) and the graph of  $y = \frac{x}{x+1}$ . **Question 6:** Find an equation of the tangent line to  $y = 3x^2 - x^3$  at the point where x = 1.

[4]

**Question 7:** Find y' if  $y = \frac{\sin(x)}{2} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$ 

[3]

Question 8: Suppose a particle moves along a straight line according to the position function

$$s(t) = t^3 - 12t^2 + 15t + 10$$

When, if ever, is the particle's acceleration zero?