

- (1) [7 points] If $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$, $dx/dt = 2$, and $dy/dt = 3$, find dz/dt when $x = 5$ and $y = 12$.

$$\frac{d}{dt}[z^2] = \frac{d}{dt}[x^2 + y^2]$$

$$2z \frac{dz}{dt} = 2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

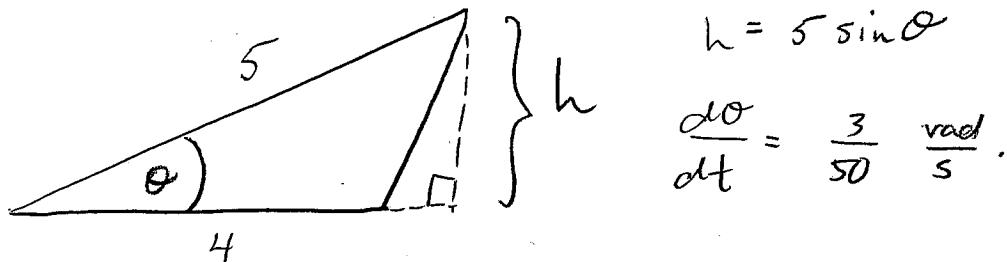
When $x = 5$, $y = 12$, $z = \pm\sqrt{5^2 + 12^2} = \pm 13$.

$$\therefore (2)(\pm 13) \frac{dt}{dt} = (2)(5)(2) + (2)(12)(3)$$

$$\therefore \frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{(2)(5)(2) + (2)(12)(3)}{(2)(\pm 13)}$$

$$= \boxed{\pm \frac{46}{13}}$$

- (2) [8 points] Two sides of a triangle are 4 and 5 m in length and the angle between them is increasing at a rate of $3/50$ rad/s. Find the rate at which the area of the triangle is increasing when the angle between the two given sides is $\pi/3$.



$$h = 5 \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{3}{50} \text{ rad/s}$$

$$A = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(4)(h) = (2)(5 \sin \theta) = 10 \sin \theta.$$

Find $\frac{dA}{dt}$ when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} [10 \sin \theta]$$

$$= 10 \cos \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$:

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 10 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{3}{50}\right)$$

$$= (10)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{3}{50}\right)$$

$$= \frac{3}{10} \frac{m^2}{s}$$

∴ The area is increasing at $\frac{3}{10} \frac{m^2}{s}$.