

(1) [5 points] Determine $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \ln(\cos x)$.

As $x \rightarrow 0$, $\cos x \rightarrow 1$, so $\ln(\cos x) \rightarrow 0$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \ln(\cos x) = 0.$$

(2) [5 points] Differentiate $\ln \left[\frac{(2t+1)^3}{(3t-1)^4} \right]$.

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\ln \frac{(2t+1)^3}{(3t-1)^4} \right]$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{(3t-1)^4}^4}{(2t+1)^3} \cdot \frac{(3t-1)^{\cancel{4}^1} (3) \cancel{(2t+1)^2}^2 - (2t+1)^{\cancel{3}^1} (4) \cancel{(3t-1)^3}^3}{(3t-1)^{\cancel{8}^1}}$$

$$= \frac{6(3t-1) - 12(2t+1)}{(2t+1)(3t-1)}$$

$$= \frac{-6t - 18}{(2t+1)(3t-1)} = \frac{-6(t+3)}{(2t+1)(3t-1)}$$

(3) [5 points] Use logarithmic differentiation to compute y' , where

$$y = e^{\sin x} x^x$$

$$\ln y = \ln [e^{\sin x} x^x]$$

$$\ln y = \sin x + x \ln x$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{y} y' = \cos x + \ln x + \cancel{x} \frac{1}{\cancel{x}}$$

$$\therefore y' = e^{\sin x} x^x [\cos x + \ln x + 1]$$