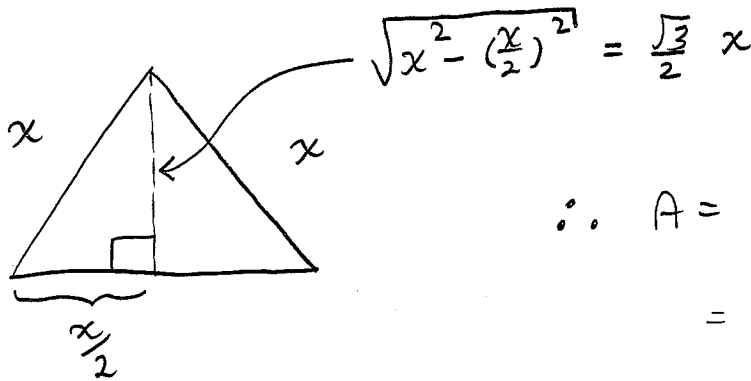


(1) [5 points] Let  $f(x) = 3x - x^2$ . Evaluate and simplify the difference quotient  $\frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h}$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} &= \frac{1}{h} [3(3+h) - (3+h)^2 - 3(3) + (3)^2] \\ &= \frac{1}{h} [\cancel{9} + 3h - \cancel{9} - 6h - h^2 - \cancel{9} + \cancel{9}] \\ &= \frac{1}{h} \cdot h [3 - 6 - h] \\ &= \boxed{-3 - h}\end{aligned}$$

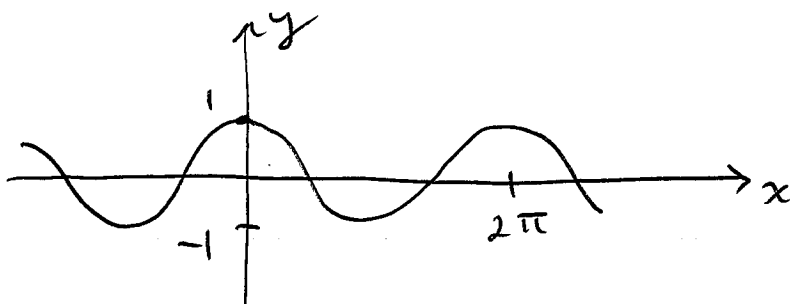
(2) [5 points] Express the area  $A$  of an equilateral triangle as a function of a side  $x$ .



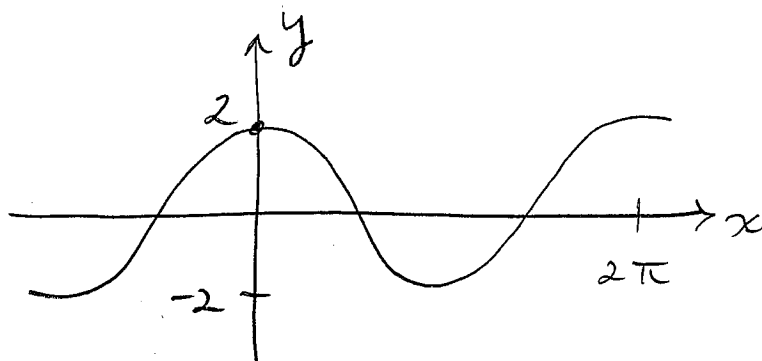
$$\begin{aligned}\therefore A &= \frac{1}{2} b h \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot x \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x \\ &= \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} x^2}\end{aligned}$$

(3) [5 points] Neatly sketch the graph of  $y = 1 + 2 \cos(x)$  by starting with the graph of  $y = \cos(x)$  and applying transformations. Make sure you label and indicate the scale on the axes.

①  $y = \cos(x)$



②  $y = 2 \cos(x)$



③  $y = 1 + 2 \cos(x)$

