1. Over what intervals is $f(x) = x^2 \ln x$ increasing? (Begin by determining the domain of f(x)).

ans: $(e^{-1/2}, \infty)$

2. Let $f(x) = e^{\sqrt{2+g(x)}}$ where g(x) is a function with g(6) = 7 and g'(6) = 12. Find f'(6), and report your answer to 3 significant digits. Solve this problem without assuming that g(x) is a linear function.

ans: $2e^3 \doteq 40.2$

3. Suppose time t is measured in seconds, v = v(t) is the velocity of a bicycle at time t in m/sec, and a = a(t) is the acceleration of the bicycle at time t in m/sec². If v(50) = 2 m/s and a(50) = 0.05 m/sec², then estimate v(53).

 $\rm s/m~ \tilde{c}1. \tilde{c}$: sns

4. The rate of change of $f(x) = (x-1)e^{-3x}$ has a single relative extremum. Find it.

 $\delta = x$ ts $^{c}-s$ - to muminim svitsler :ans

5. Suppose we wish to use Newton's Method to find the left hand zero of the function below. Beginning with the initial estimate for x_0 as indicated, use a ruler to estimate the position of x_2 .



6. Newton's method is to be used to locate a critical value of $f(x) = -\frac{x^2}{2} + x + \cos x$. Using the initial estimate $x_0 = 1$, find x_1 and report your answer to three significant digits.

454.0 = 1x :sns

 $2-=\psi$:sns

7. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $x^2y^2 = (y+1)^2(4-y^2)$ at the point (0, -2).

8. Consider the curve

$$\frac{x}{y} + \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^3 = 2$$

Given that (-1, -1) is a point on the curve, use a tangent line approximation to estimate y when x = -0.9.

 $0.0-\approx \psi$:sns

9. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve

$$\ln\left(xy\right) = 2x$$

at the point $(1, e^2)$.

suppression $x_z = \epsilon_z x_z$

10. Let $f(x) = \sqrt{1 + x^3}$. Using a tangent line approximation at x = 2, estimate the value of x for which f(x) = 3.3.

 $d1.5 \approx x$:sns

11. For the function $f(x) = x^2 e^{-x^2}$ find the x-coordinate of critical values, intervals of increase/decrease, and any relative extrema.

ans: critical values at x = 0, 1, -1;increasing: $(-\infty, -1), (0, 1),$ decreasing; $(-1, 0), (1, \infty);$ rel. max. at x = -1, 1; rel. min. at x = 0.

12. Find the x-coordinate of the inflection points of

$$f(x) = 3x^5 - 20x^4 \; .$$

 $\Phi = x$:sus

13. If point elasticity of demand is -2.3 and price increases by 3%, what is the approximate percentage change in demand?

%6.8– :sns

14. Given the demand equation $p = 300 - q^2$, find point elasticity of demand when q = 5. For what value of q is demand unit elastic?

$$01 = p$$
; $\mathbf{\ddot{d}}$. $\mathbf{\ddot{d}}$ - :sns