

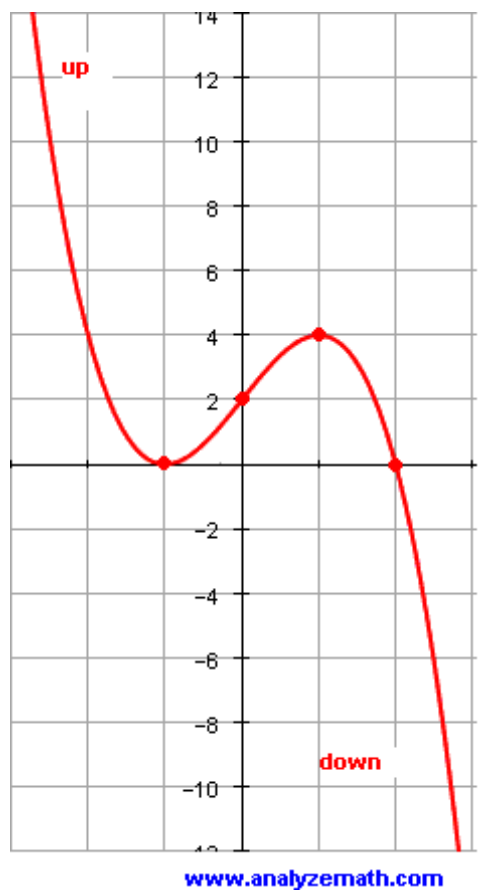
Math 100 Sample Test 2 – Oct 2018

Question 1 Find an equation for the normal line to the graph of $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$ at the $x = 0$. Prove that this normal line intersects the graph of $f(x)$ twice.

Question 2 Let $f(x) = \frac{a^2+x}{a^2-x}$, where a is a constant. Compute $f''(-a)$.

Question 3):

□ Use the graph of $f'(x)$ to sketch the graph of $f(x)$ and $f''(x)$.



Question 4:

Differentiate

(1) $f(t) = \sec^3(t^2)$

(2) $f(x) = \tan(2x) - \cot(3x)$

$$(3) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos^3 x}{1 + \sin x}}$$

$$(4) \quad f(x) = |3 - \sqrt[3]{1 - x}|$$

$$(5) \quad f(x) = x \cos(1/x^2)$$

$$(6) \quad f(x) = (1 - 3x)^3(3x - 4)^2.$$

Question 5 Let $h(x) = f(x^3)$, $g(x) = xf^3(x)$, $f(0) = 4$, $f'(0) = -2$. Compute $h'(0)$ and $g'(0)$.

Question 6 :

Use the definition of the derivative to compute

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^7 - 1}{x - 1}.$$

Question 7 : Let $f(\mu) = \frac{\lambda\mu^2}{1-K\mu}$. Compute $\frac{df}{d\mu}|_{\mu=0}$.

Question 8

Bob is a first-year Calculus student at UBC. He has decided that the following function

$$f(x) = 1 - \sqrt[3]{(1-x)^2}$$

is differentiable at any point. Is he right? Explain.